

Deregulation of the Intrastate Trucking Industry

1. Deregulated for $x_3 = 1$

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{y} &= 12.192 - .598x_1 - .00598x_2 - .01078x_1x_2 + .086x_1^2 + .00014x_2^2 + .677x_4 - .275x_1x_4 - .026x_2x_4 \\ &+ .013x_1x_2x_4 - .782 + .0399x_1 - .021x_2 - .0033x_1x_2 \\ \Rightarrow &= 11.41 - .5581x_1 - .02698x_2 - .01408x_1x_2 + .086x_1^2 + .0014x_2^2 + .677x_4 - .275x_1x_4 \\ &- .026x_2x_4 + .013x_1x_2x_4\end{aligned}$$

Regulated for $x_3 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{y} &= 12.192 - .598x_1 - .00598x_2 - .01078x_1x_2 + .086x_1^2 + .00014x_2^2 + .677x_4 - .275x_1x_4 - .026x_2x_4 \\ &+ .013x_1x_2x_4\end{aligned}$$

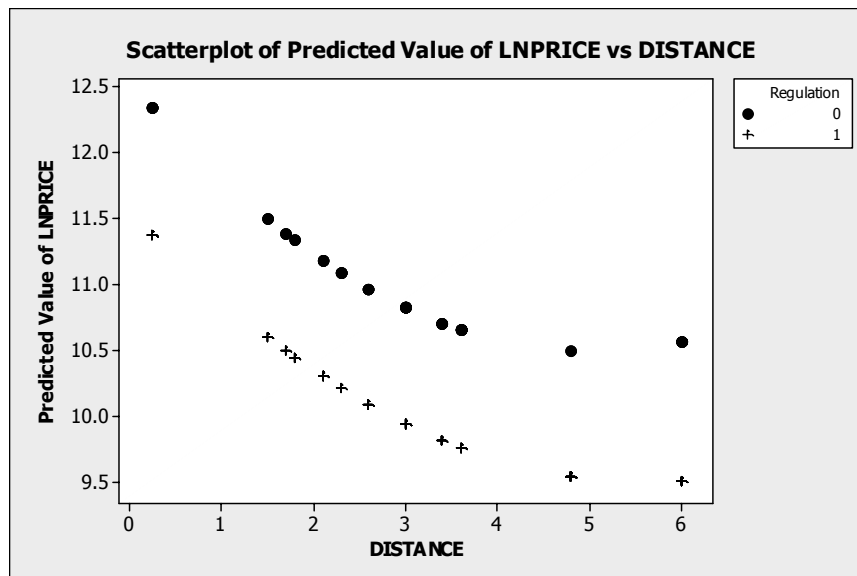
$$\hat{y}_{\text{regulated}} - \hat{y}_{\text{deregulated}} = .782 - .0399x_1 + .021x_2 + .0033x_1x_2.$$

$$\text{For } x_4 = 0, x_2 = 15, \hat{y}_{\text{regulated}} - \hat{y}_{\text{deregulated}} = 1.097 + .0096x_1.$$

2. Deregulated $\hat{y} = 12.5632 - .086x_1^2$
Regulated $\hat{y} = 11.5712 - .8439x_1 + .086x_1^2$

The difference between the regulated and deregulated prices is given by

$$\hat{y}_{\text{regulated}} - \hat{y}_{\text{deregulated}} = -.992 + .0069x_1$$

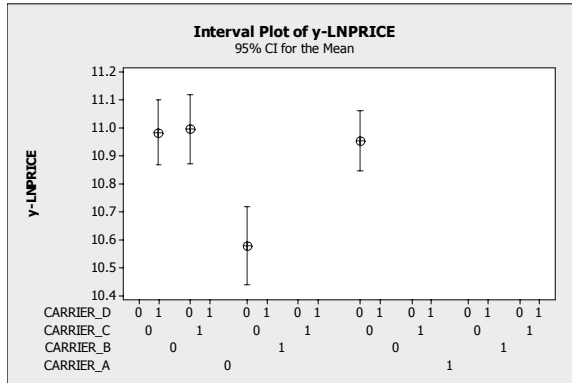


Regulated = 1

Deregulated = 0

CS3-2 Deregulation of the Intrastate Trucking Industry

- a. The interval plot for lnprice with carriers shows that carrier B is significantly different from the other carriers.



MINTAB results shown below indicate that there is a difference in the carriers.

The regression equation is
 $LNPRICE = 11.9 - 0.287 \text{ DISTANCE} - 0.0326 \text{ WEIGHT} + 0.180 \text{ ORIGIN_MIA}$

Predictor	Coef	SE Coef	T	P
Constant	11.8980	0.0608	195.79	0.000
DISTANCE	-0.28700	0.01674	-17.14	0.000
WEIGHT	-0.032593	0.002660	-12.25	0.000
ORIGIN_MIA	0.17980	0.04651	3.87	0.000

S = 0.489209 R-Sq = 51.0% R-Sq(adj) = 50.7%

PRESS = 108.478 R-Sq(pred) = 49.99%

Analysis of Variance

Source	DF	SS	MS	F	P
Regression	3	110.635	36.878	154.09	0.000
Residual Error	444	106.261	0.239		
Total	447	216.895			

$$x_5 = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if Carrier A} \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

If we let $x_6 = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if Carrier C} \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$ and add interaction terms for each of these dummy variables

$$x_7 = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if Carrier D} \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

(except with x_1^2 and x_2^2), the model becomes

$$E(y) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1 + \beta_2 x_2 + \beta_3 x_1 x_2 + \beta_4 x_1^2 + \beta_5 x_2^2 + \beta_6 x_3 + \beta_7 x_4 + \beta_9 x_1 x_3 + \beta_{10} x_1 x_4 + \beta_{12} x_2 x_3 + \beta_{13} x_2 x_4 + \beta_{15} x_1 x_2 x_3 + \beta_{16} x_1 x_2 x_4 + \beta_{17} x_5 + \beta_{18} x_1 x_5 + \beta_{19} x_2 x_5 + \beta_{20} x_1 x_2 x_5 + \beta_{21} x_3 x_5 + \beta_{22} x_4 x_5 + \beta_{23} x_1 x_3 x_5 + \beta_{24} x_1 x_4 x_5 + \beta_{25} x_2 x_3 x_5 + \beta_{26} x_2 x_4 x_5 + \beta_{27} x_1 x_2 x_3 x_5 + \beta_{28} x_1 x_2 x_4 x_5 + \beta_{29} x_6 + \dots + \beta_{40} x_1 x_2 x_4 x_6 + \beta_{41} x_7 + \dots + \beta_{52} x_1 x_2 x_4 x_7$$

In running a partial least squares procedure in MINITAB with the above model, the optimal model obtained had the same variables as in Model 7.

$$\begin{aligned} y_{\text{LNPRICE}} = & 12.2 - 0.567 x_1_{\text{DISTANCE}} - 0.0167 x_2_{\text{WEIGHT}} - 0.373 x_3_{\text{dereg}} \\ & + 0.600 x_4_{\text{origin}} + 0.0748 x_1_{\text{Sq}} + 0.000349 x_2_{\text{Sq}} - 0.00754 x_1 x_2 \\ & + 0.0077 x_1 x_3 - 0.224 x_1 x_4 - 0.0093 x_2 x_3 - 0.0263 x_2 x_4 \\ & + 0.00111 x_1 x_2 x_3 + 0.00864 x_1 x_2 x_4 \end{aligned}$$

However, if variable x_5 is defined as a dummy variable for Carrier B, with $x_5 = x_6 = x_7 = 0$ denoting Carrier A, then the added terms in the model for Carrier B are significant.